

SSATP Strategic Priorities Annual Meeting, December 2012

Jean-Noel Guillossou Program Manager, SSATP

Introduction

- The need for priorities
 - Introduce focus in program management
 - Need for selectivity under resource constraint
 - Comparative advantage
- The choice of priorities
 - Point of view of the user
 - · Goods are difficult to trade within and across region
 - Unpredictable, difficult and costly urban travel
 - Road transportation major cause of loss of life and property
 - In addition: Specific needs require specific responses
- Principles
 - Chose strategic orientations rather than priority activities to give flexibility
 - Optimization of resources
 - Maximization of impact
 - Measurable outcomes
 - Recurring and widespread regional challenges



The coherence of priorities

Domains		Thematic and cross-cutting clusters				
Movement of goods	Regional	Integration Connectivity Cohesion	Road safety	HIV/AIDS Governance	Governance	Data management
	National					
	Rural			Gender		
Movement of people		Mobility Accessibility				nageme
	Urban			Environmental sustainability (including climate change)		SSATE
Africa Transport Policy Program						

Process

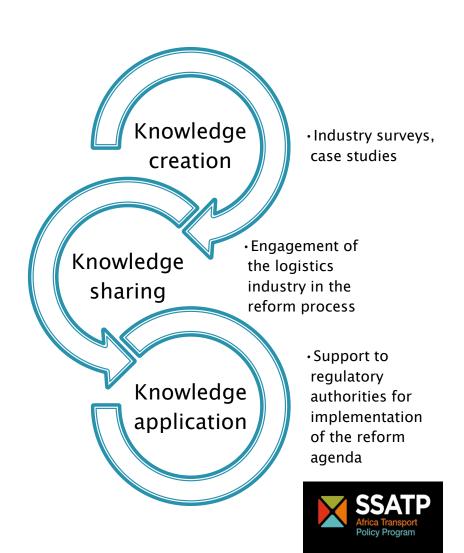
- The choice of strategic orientations:
 - consistent with knowledge creation, knowledge sharing, & knowledge application approach
 - Inclusion of capacity building to support policy development and implementation is added value
 - Sustainability beyond SSATP support
- Stakeholder consultations
 - Regional integration (Cotonou and Mombasa)
 - Urban mobility & accessibility (Addis Ababa)
 - Road safety (Addis Ababa and Lusaka)
 - All priorities (Online Survey)



Cluster 1: Regional Integration

Policy framework for logistical efficiency

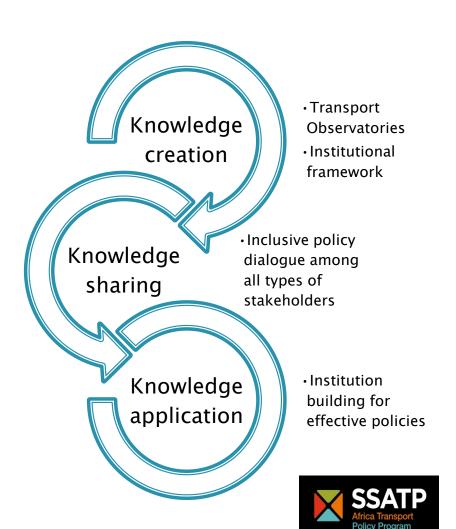
 Develop a regulatory framework conducive to efficient service provision by (private) logistics operators



Cluster 1: Regional Integration

Building capacity within institutions for policy dialogues, development and implementation

Develop institutional mechanisms and tools that enable definition and implementation of evidence based policies through inclusive policy dialogue



Cluster 2: Urban mobility and accessibility

Institutional framework for urban transport contributing to sustainable urban development

- Urban transport institutions: coordination and integration, and the respective roles of local authorities and national governments
- Strategies to facilitate development of urban transport policies and piloting of strategies in some countries as examples from which others could learn.



Cluster 2: Urban mobility and accessibility

- Capacity building for urban transport
 - Leadership competence in urban transport planning and management at policy level;
 - Technical competence in urban transport at sub-national level;
 - Advocacy and awareness building for linkages with sustainable urban development



Cluster 2: Urban mobility and accessibility

Financing strategies for sustainable urban transport

- Mechanisms to finance the gaps in the operating cost of efficient public transport systems; and
- Mechanisms to finance the cost of institutions/authorities to manage urban transport



Cluster 3: Road Safety

Policy enhancements to better align country initiatives to UN Decade of Action

- Coordination among AU, ECA, RECs and countries for identification of policy gaps and priorities and provision of strategic guidance
- Monitor, review and advise on the implementation of global and regional declarations on road safety
- Creation of lead agencies (at country level) where they do not exist



Cluster 3: Road Safety

Capacity building for effective road safety management

- Regional
 - Enhance collaboration with regional transport sector associations (ASANRA, ARMFA, AGEPAR, Transport Associations etc)
 - Creation of RS sub-regional organizations
 - Sharing of information and good practice
- National
 - Road safety lead agency operational guidelines
 - Conduct road safety audit
 - Strengthen policy compliance and enforcement



Framework for the discussion

- Confirm priority of the three clusters:
 - Integration, connectivity and cohesion (regional corridors, national and rural networks)
 - Urban mobility and accessibility
 - Road safety
- Confirm priority of emerging issues and specific needs
 - Governance
 - Sustainable transport
 - Inclusive and multidisciplinary approaches
- Prioritization according to budget constraints

Connecting Africa



THANK YOU